UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

SPIRIT OF THE SAGE COUNCIL, et al.,

Plaintiffs,

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BRUCE BABBITT, SECRETARY, U.S. DEPT. OF THE INTERIOR, et al.,

Defendants.

Civil Action No. 98-1873 (EGS) [81-1]

FILED

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MEMORANDUM OPINION & ORDER

I <u>Background</u>

This Court ordered Federal defendants to file and serve the administrative record underlying the changes to 50 C.F.R. §§ 17.22(b)(8), 17.32(b)(8) and 50 C.F.R. § 13.28 (a)(5). Plaintiffs contend that these changes were made to bolster the defense of the "No Surprises" rule at issue in this case; a charge that defendants vehemently oppose. The Federal defendants withheld seventy-two documents from production on various grounds, including attorney-client, work-product, and deliberative process privilege. Plaintiffs new bring a motion to compel these documents.

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II <u>Analysis</u>

Federal defendants withheld thirty-five documents under the attorney-client privilege, nineteen of which were also asserted as privileged under the work-product doctrine. An in camera review of the documents coupled with defendants' assertion that they were communications made for the purpose of obtaining and providing legal advice justify the invocation of the attorney-client privilege. See Mead Data Cent., Inc. v. United States Dept. of the Air Force, 566 F.2d 242, 252 (D.C. Cir. 1977). Furthermore, this Court finds that Federal defendants did not waive this privilege, as plaintiffs assert. Accordingly, defendants properly withheld documents 3-8, 25, 26, 31-34, 37, 39, 41, 43-46, 48, 50, 53, 55, 56, and 58-68.

Federal defendants' assertion of the work-product privilege to withhold fifty documents, thirty-one of which are not asserted as privileged attorney-client communications, fails. Federal defendants have asserted that they anticipated litigation relating to all actions taken in this area. This may be true, but it does not implicate the work-product privilege and bar this Court from reviewing the whole record as required under Citizens to Preserve Overton Park, Inc. v. Vlope, 401 U.S. 402, 409 (1971) and Walter O. Boswell Memorial Hospital, 749 F.2d 788, 792 (D.C. Cir. 1984). Furthermore, Federal defendants represented to

this Court that the promulgation of these new regulations after plaintiffs filed their motion to dismiss was coincidental. Thus, they cannot rely on the current litigation for the work-product doctrine. Accordingly, the work-product doctrine does not apply to any of these documents.

Federal defendants also assert the deliberative process privilege for all of the documents. The privilege, which covers documents reflecting advisory opinions, recommendations and deliberations, was fashioned in cases where the governmental decisionmaking process is collateral. See In re Subpoena Duces Tecum Served on the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency. 145 F.3d 1422, 1424 (D.C. Cir. 1998). This Circuit has held that "[i]f the plaintiff's cause of action is directed at the government's intent, however, it makes no sense to permit the government to use the privilege as a shield." Id. Thus, the Circuit has held that the deliberative process privilege is unavailable in those circumstances where the cause of action is directed at the agency's subjective intent. Sec In re Subpoena Duces Tecum Served on the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, 156 F.3d 1279, 1280 (D.C. Cir. 1998). Here, the issue is whether the changes to issue were made to bolster the defense of the No Surprise Rule. Thus, the inquiry is into the agency's subjective intent and the deliberative process privilege is

inapplicable,

Furthermore, these documents are part of the Administrative Record which must be reviewed to make a fair determination of the merits of the case. See Citizens, 401 U.S. at 409; Walter O. Boswell Memorial Hospital, 749 F.2d at 792. The sweeping coverage of the deliberative process privilege suggested by the Federal defendants seriously undermines the requirement that this Court review the whole record. See Greenpeace v. Nat'l Marine Fisheries Serv., No. C98-492Z (W.D. Wa. Feb. 2, 2000).

Accordingly, the Court orders the Federal defendants to produce documents 1, 2, 9-24, 27-30, 35, 36, 38, 40, 42, 47, 49, 51, 52, 54, 57, and 69-72 by February 28, 2001.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

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EMMET G. SULLIVAN

United States District Judge

Notice to:

Donald Christian Baur, Esq. Benjamin S. Sharp, Esq. Perkins Coie 607 14th Street, NW Suite 7000 Washington, DC 20005-2011

Eric Robert Glitzenstein, Esq. Katherine Anne Meyer, Esq. Meyer & Glitzenstein 1601 Connecticut Avenue, NW Suite 450 Washington, DC 20009

Charles R. Shockey, Esq. Department of Justice Environmental Division P.O. Box 7369 Washington, DC 20044

Robert D. Thornton, Esq. Nossaman, Guthner, Knox & Elliott, L.L.P. 18101 Von Karman Avenue Suite 1800 Irvine, CA 92715-1007

J. Michael Kilse, Esq. Crowell & Moring, L.L.P. 1001 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20004

Gary John Smith, Esq.
Beveridge & Diamond, P.C.
1350 I Street, NW
Suite 700
Washington, DC 20005

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

| SPIRIT OF THE SAGE COUNCIL, et al., |)) |
|--|---------------------------|
| Plaintiffs, | <u>'</u> |
| ν. |) No. 1:98CV1873 (EGS) |
| BRUCE BABBITT, Secretary, U.S. Department of the Interior, et al., |) |
| Federal Defendants. |))) |

JOINT STIPULATION AND PROPOSED ORDER TO ESTABLISH BRIEFING SCHEDULE FOR RESOLUTION OF THE CASE

As the parties advised the court during the September 15, 2000, status conference, they have conferred and agreed upon a schedule to complete briefing on the merits of this case. The parties now request the court's formal approval of that schedule.

This stipulation is based on the mutual agreement that each party will rely on its previously filed briefs with regard to the first two claims in the plaintiffs' Second Amended Complaint, which pertain to the "no surprises rule." Because the court denied those motions on September 20, 1999, without prejudice to refiling, the parties request that, once supplemental briefing is completed, the court deem those original motions refiled and renote them for hearing.

In addition, the parties agree to limit the supplemental briefing to (a) the third claim in the Second Amended Complaint, pertaining to the plaintiffs' challenge to the "permit revocation rule" and (b) any new legal authorities concerning the arguments on counts I and II that have arisen since the submission of the initial cross-motions for summary judgment. Nothing in the Stipulation forecloses any party from addressing the relationship between the "no surprises rule" and the "permit revocation rule" in its supplemental briefing.

Before the supplemental briefing takes place, the parties requested, and the court agreed at the status conference, to decide the plaintiffs' pending motion to compel production of documents that the federal defendants withheld from the administrative record for the permit revocation rule. On September 18, 2000, federal defendants submitted the withheld documents to the court for <u>in camera</u> review. Accordingly, the motion to compel is now tipe for decision.

The supplemental briefing schedule identified below will be triggered by the court's decision on the motion to compel. If the court denies that motion to compel in its entirety, the date of the court's order denying that motion will trigger the date for plaintiffs to submit their supplemental summary judgment motion. If the court grants that motion to compel, in whole or in part, the date on which the federal defendants serve the documents on the plaintiffs will trigger the filing date for plaintiffs' supplemental brief.

Subject to these understandings, the parties submit the following briefing schedule for the court's approval:

- 1. plaintiffs' supplemental motion for partial summary judgment on count III of the Second Amended Complaint (the permit revocation rule claim) to be filed either 30 days after the court denies the motion to compel or 30 days after the date on which the federal defendants serve the plaintiffs with any documents required to be produced if the court grants the motion to compel in whole or in part; the plaintiffs' supporting memorandum will be limited to 35 pages;
- 2. federal defendants' and defendant-intervenors' supplemental cross-motions for partial summary judgment on count III of the Second Amended Complaint and opposition to plaintiffs' motion -- to be filed 30 days after plaintiffs' supplemental motion is filed; these memoranda will be limited to 35 pages each; and

3. plaintiffs' memorandum in response to the defendants' cross-motions and reply in support of its own supplemental motion -- to be filed 21 days after the defendants' cross-motions; the plaintiffs' response/reply brief will be limited to 25 pages.

Federal defendants and defendant-intervenors agree to waive their right to file a final reply brief in support of their cross-motions, provided that the plaintiffs do not rely on new arguments in their reply brief.

After the supplemental briefing is completed, the parties request that the court set this matter for oral argument on all issues raised in the litigation (both the refiled summary judgment motions on counts I and II and the supplemental motions on count III) at the court's earliest convenience. The parties request that the court approve this stipulation and the briefing schedule by signing the proposed order below.

Respectfully submitted this 20th day of September, 2000.

Eric R. Glitzenstein

Katherine A. Meyer Jonathan R. Lovvorn Meyer & Glitzenstein

1601 Connecticut Ave., NW, Suite 700

Washington, DC 20009

(202) 588-5206

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

Donald C. Beur /crs *

Benjamin S. Sharp Guy R. Martin Donald C. Baur Perkins Coie

607 Fourteenth Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20005-2011

(202) 628-6600

Attorneys for Defendant-Intervenors Western Urban Water Coalition

Thomas R. Lundquot kos * Steven P. Quarles

J. Michael Klise

Thomas R. Lundquist Crowell & Moring LLP

1001 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W. Washington, DC 20004-2595

(202) 624-2500

Attorneys for Defendant-Intervenors American Forest & Paper Ass'n

Lae axalrad/cac*

Michael A. Mantell

Lee Axelrad

J. Christopher Beale

Resources Law Group, LLP

555 Capitol Mall, Suite 1590

Sacramento, CA 95814

(916) 442-4880

Attorneys for Defendant-Intervenors City of San Diego, County of San Diego County of Orange, and Irvine Ranch W.D.

* by telephone authorization

| Robert D. Thornton 1000 * | Charles R. Shockey |
|--|--|
| Robert D. Thornton | Charles R. Shockey |
| Adam H. Relin | Assistant Chief, D.C. Bar # 914879 |
| Francis D. Logan, Jr. | Wildlife and Marine Resources Section |
| | P Environment & Natural Resources Division |
| 18101 Von Karman Ave., Suite 1800 | United States Department of Justice |
| Irvine, CA 92612-1047 | P.O. Box 7369, Ben Franklin Station |
| (949) 833-7800 | Washington, D.C. 20044-7369 |
| Attorneys for Defendant-Intervenors | (202) 305-0211 |
| Coalition for Habitat Conservation, et al. | Attorneys for Federal Defendants |
| * by telephone authorizati | on_ |
| APPROVED AND SO ORDERED this | day of, 2000. |
| | Emmet G. Sullivan United States District Judge |